

## **SENATE RESOLUTION No. 33**

### DIGEST OF INTRODUCED RESOLUTION

A SENATE RESOLUTION urging the Legislative Council to assign the topic of the societal impact of teenage pregnancy education to the appropriate committee.

## **BREAUX**

February 13, 2014, read first time and referred to Committee on Health and Provider Services.
March 5, 2014, reported favorably —Do Pass.
March 10, 2014, Amended; adopted voice vote.



# **SENATE RESOLUTION No. 33**

### MADAM PRESIDENT:

I offer the following resolution and move its adoption:

1	A SENATE RESOLUTION urging the Legislative Council
2	to assign the topic of the societal impact of teenage pregnancy
3	education to the appropriate study committee.
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5	Whereas, The United States has one of the highest teen
6	pregnancy rates in the western industrialized world. It is twice
7	the rate of Canada, and four times higher than France and
8	Germany;
9	Whereas, The United States spends \$7 billion each year due
10	to costs associated with teen pregnancy;
11	Whereas, Indiana has a higher teen pregnancy rate than the
12	national average;
13	Whereas, Parenthood is the leading reason teen girls drop
14	out of school, causing more than half of teen mothers to never
15	graduate from high school;
16	Whereas, Less than 2% of teenage mothers have earned a
17	college degree by age 30;
18	Whereas, Over 30% of teenagers have had at least one
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1	pregnancy before turning 20;
2	Whereas, 80% of all unmarried teenage mothers end up on
3	welfare;
4	Whereas, Half of all unmarried teenage mothers end up on
5	welfare in their first year of parenthood;
6	Whereas, Daughters of teenage mothers are 22% more
7	likely than their peers to become teenage mothers, while sons
8	of teenage mothers have a 13% greater chance than their peers
9	of ending up in prison;
10	Whereas, Higher teenage pregnancy rates translate into
11	higher abortion rates in the United States;
12	Whereas, 80% of teenage pregnancies are unintended;
13	Whereas, In 2010, the reported public expenditures for
14	family planning client services totaled \$22.4 million, including
15	\$14.6 million through Medicaid in Indiana; and
16	Whereas, Averting unintended pregnancies in Indiana
17	saved the federal and state governments \$115.9 million in
18	Medicaid costs for pregnancy-related and newborn care in
19	2010: Therefore,
20	Be it resolved by the Senate of the
21	General Assembly of the State of Indiana:
22	SECTION 1. The Legislative Council is urged to assign the topic
23	of the societal impact of teenage pregnancy education to the
24	appropriate study committee.

